

# 大谷大学

## 英語プレイスメントテスト (問題用紙)

### I. 実施方法

- ①次の URL もしくは QR コードより、スマートフォン、タブレット、パソコンのいずれかを利用し、解答フォームへアクセスしてください。

<http://web.otani.ac.jp/placement/2021>



- ②このプレイスメントテストの結果に応じて、第1学年必修科目「英語Ⅰ」のクラス編成を行います。1年間を通して履修するクラスを決定するテストであり、クラス決定後は変更不可となりますので、真面目に受験してください。
- ③解答にあたっては、辞書や携帯電話等は一切使用しないでください。

### II. 受験後の注意点

- ①入学前に英語再入門クラス希望票を提出した学生には、原則的に英語再入門クラスを配当します。しかし、再入門クラスの希望者が多数の場合は、希望者の中から抽選を行います。抽選から漏れた学生は、プレイスメントテストの結果に応じたクラス配当を行いますので、あらかじめご了承ください。
- ②問題用紙は、試験終了後各自で必ず処分してください。
- ③「英語Ⅰ」のクラス配当結果は、4/2(金)のクラス別懇談会で配付するクラス配当表でお知らせします。

大谷大学  
英語プレイスメントテスト

問1. 英文(1)～(10)の(     )に入れる語句として、文法的に最も適切なものを(ア)～(エ)の中から一つずつ選び、解答用紙の該当箇所にマークしなさい。 (各1点×10問)

(1) These dogs (     ) very cute.

(ア) is                      (イ) was                      (ウ) does                      (エ) are

(2) My son (     ) flowers.

(ア) love                      (イ) does not love                      (ウ) is love                      (エ) do not love

(3) Tom (     ) to Tokyo tomorrow.

(ア) go                      (イ) went                      (ウ) will go                      (エ) has gone

(4) Do I (     ) to study English?

(ア) can                      (イ) must                      (ウ) should                      (エ) have

(5) What happened? What makes you so (     )?

(ア) activity                      (イ) angry                      (ウ) happily                      (エ) heavily

(6) “(     ) old are you?” — “I am eighteen.”

(ア) What                      (イ) Who                      (ウ) How                      (エ) When

(7) I know a girl (     ) is a good pianist.

(ア) who                      (イ) what                      (ウ) whom                      (エ) whose

(8) Mt. Fuji is (     ) all the mountains in Japan.

(ア) most highest in                      (イ) most highest of  
(ウ) the highest of                      (エ) the highest in

(9) Who's there? I heard my name (        ) .

(ア) call                (イ) called                (ウ) calling                (エ) to call

(10) If he (        ) harder before, he would be a good speaker of English now.

(ア) had studied (イ) has studied (ウ) should study (エ) studied

問 2. 次の(11)～(15)について、文法的に最も適切な英文を(ア)～(エ)の中から一つずつ  
選び、解答用紙の該当箇所にマークしなさい。                (各 2 点×5 問)

(11) (ア) She were very kind.

(イ) Were you go to school yesterday?

(ウ) I eated ice cream last night.

(エ) Tom liked comics very much.

(12) (ア) My sister has been ill yesterday.

(イ) When have you gone to America?

(ウ) I have never seen such a beautiful picture.

(エ) He have lived in Osaka since 1990.

(13) (ア) When was the house built by your grandfather?

(イ) The cake was maked by my daughter.

(ウ) The book can borrowed from the library.

(エ) I'm boring because I'm not interested in his talk.

(14) (ア) I am looking forward to see you.

(イ) Would you mind my opening the window?

(ウ) He decided giving up smoking last year.

(エ) She had no friends to talk at the party, so she felt lonely.

- (15) (ア) Be not afraid of dogs.  
(イ) How a beautiful flower this is!  
(ウ) It doesn't matter he is Japanese or not.  
(エ) Study hard, and you will be able to speak English.

問 3. 次の学生同士の会話を読み、下線部(16)～(20)のそれぞれについて意味的・文法的に最も適切な英文になるように語句を並べ替え、[ ]内で第2番目と第5番目に来る語句を選び、解答用紙の該当箇所にマークしなさい。ただし文頭に来る語もすべて小文字で示している。  
(各3点×5問)

学生 A : (16) [ (ア) our (イ) do you think (ウ) will (エ) how  
(オ) college life (カ) be ] ?

学生 B : Surely it will be nice.

学生 A : I hope so. By the way, where are you from?

学生 B : I'm from Shiga. (17) [ (ア) to (イ) you (ウ) have  
(エ) Lake Biwa (オ) been (カ) ever ] ?

学生 A : I have visited several times.

学生 B : Really? (18) [ (ア) glad (イ) very (ウ) to (エ) hear  
(オ) that (カ) I'm ]. Where are you from?

学生 A : I'm from Kyoto. I live near here.

学生 B : Then, (19) I [ (ア) where to (イ) you (ウ) me (エ) want  
(オ) to tell (カ) go ]. I'm a total stranger here in Kyoto. Where should I go? What do you recommend?

学生 A : (20) There [ (ア) places (イ) I (ウ) many (エ) are  
(オ) recommend (カ) can ]. For example, how about going around the Kamo River? It's near here, and very nice in all seasons.

学生 B : That sounds great! The sooner, the better. Let's go right now!

問 4. 次の英文を読み、(21)～(24)の問いに答えなさい。

“England and America are two countries separated by the same language”, wrote George Bernard Shaw in 1942. Is this true today? Do Americans speak a different kind of English from the British? If so, why? And why do they speak English at all?

To answer the last question, we must go back to the year 1607, when a group of English people sailed across the Atlantic and reached the east coast of America. They called their settlement Jamestown, after King James the First, and they called that part of the country Virginia. They were not the first English people in America. In 1585 and 1587, people had tried to settle on the island of Roanoke, in ( A ) is now North Carolina. They were not the first Europeans to settle in America either. The Spanish had lived in Florida since 1565. The people who settled in Jamestown were the first successful English settlers, and they were followed by other English adventurers who settled in Virginia.

Then, in 1620, more English settlers landed north of Virginia, in ( A ) became Massachusetts, New England. These were the people from the ship called the *Mayflower*, who came because they wanted to follow a different kind of Christianity from the kind in England. Others followed, and by 1640, about 25,000 English people were living in New England.

At this time, sailors from England and other European countries were taking Africans to America and selling them as slaves. The first twenty African slaves were ① bring to America in 1619. The Africans had to live in terrible conditions during the long sea voyage, and many did not survive. This inhuman business was ended in 1808, but people were allowed to own slaves until the end of the American Civil War in 1865. By that time there were more than 4 million Africans living in America.

(Adapted from Brigit Viney, *The History of the English Language*, Oxford University Press, 2008.)

(21) 1620 年にイギリスからアメリカに渡った人々にはどのような理由があったと述べられていますか。最も適切なものを(ア)～(オ)の中から一つ選び、解答用紙の該当箇所にマークしなさい。(3 点)

- (ア) psychological reason
- (イ) economic reason
- (ウ) historical reason
- (エ) literary reason
- (オ) religious reason

(22) 2 箇所の空欄 ( A ) には同じ単語が入りますが、意味的・文法的に最も適切なものを(ア)～(オ)の中から一つ選び、解答用紙の該当箇所にマークしなさい。(2 点)

- (ア) that    (イ) what    (ウ) which    (エ) it    (オ) how

(23) 下線部①の単語を正しい形に変え、つづりを解答欄(23)に書きなさい。(2 点)

(24) (ア)～(エ)について、本文の内容と一致するか、一致しないかを判断し、一致する場合は解答用紙の該当箇所の①に、一致しない場合は②にマークしなさい。

(各 2 点×4 問)

- (ア) ‘Jamestown’ was derived from a king’s name.
- (イ) There weren’t any English settlers in America before a group of English people settled in Jamestown.
- (ウ) The English people who settled in Jamestown were not the first Europeans to visit America.
- (エ) People in America couldn’t have slaves until the end of the American Civil War.

以上